have completed their business of the session and are ready to adjourn, unless the President has some other communication to make to them.

□ 1845

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. PEASE). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

APPOINTMENT AS MEMBERS OF THE COMMITTEE TO INFORM THE PRESIDENT THAT THE TWO HOUSES HAVE COMPLETED THEIR BUSINESS OF THE SES-SION AND ARE READY TO AD-JOURN

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 679, the Chair appoints the following Members of the House to the Committee to notify the President:

The gentleman from Texas, Mr. ARMEY,

The gentleman from Missouri, Mr. GEPHARDT.

AUTHORIZING SPEAKER, MAJORITY LEADER, AND MINORITY LEADER TO ACCEPT RESIGNATIONS AND TO MAKE APPOINTMENTS AUTHORIZED BY LAW OR HOUSE NOT WITHSTANDING SINE DIE ADJOURNMENT

Mr. McCollum. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that notwithstanding the adjournment of the second session of the 106th Congress, the Speaker, the majority leader and the minority leader be authorized to accept resignations and to make appointments authorized by law or by the House.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

AUTHORIZING CHAIRMAN AND RANKING MINORITY MEMBER OF EACH STANDING COMMITTEE AND SUBCOMMITTEE TO EXTEND REMARKS IN RECORD

Mr. McCollum. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the chairman and ranking minority member of each standing committee and each subcommittee be permitted to extend their remarks in the Record, up to and including the Record's last publication, and to include a summary of the work of that committee or subcommittee.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

GRANTING MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE PRIVILEGE TO EXTEND AND REVISE REMARKS IN CON-GRESSIONAL RECORD UNTIL LAST EDITION IS PUBLISHED

Mr. McCollum. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that Members may have until publication of the last edition of the Congressional Record authorized for the second session by the Joint Committee on Printing to revise and extend their remarks and to include brief, related extraneous material on any matter occurring before the adjournment of the second session sine die.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Florida?

There was no objection.

EXPRESSING COMMITMENT OF MEMBERS OF HOUSE TO FOSTERING PRODUCTIVE AND COLLEGIAL PARTNERSHIP WITH 43RD PRESIDENT

Mr. HORN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Government Reform be discharged from further consideration of the resolution (H. Res. 677) expressing the commitment of the Members of the House of Representatives to fostering a productive and collegial partnership with the 43rd President, and ask for its immediate consideration in the House.

The Clerk read the title of the resolu-

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

Ms. DUNN. Mr. Speaker, reserving the right to object, nearly 2 years ago I pledged to dedicate my energies toward electing George W. Bush as the 43rd President of the United States.

It is a commitment that many of us in this body make. Whether we are Democrats or Republicans, we are drawn to a candidate with whom we share values, somebody we can trust to carry the burdens of a large and diverse Nation.

It is not a commitment we make lightly.

Being a Member of Congress is an allconsuming lifestyle and often we find it difficult to even find time for families and friends.

Yet we sacrifice because the cause compels us to do so.

My colleague and good friend, the gentleman from Washington State (Mr. DICKS) made a similar sacrifice for Vice President AL GORE.

We saw firsthand the energy and dedication that a campaign can instill in the American people.

People from every walk of life and every background came together to comprise the large enthusiastic crowds that brought spirit and life to a movement.

We all experienced the ebb and flow of a long campaign and felt the exhila-

THE ration of its highs and the disappointments of its lows. We felt it deeply because it was inseparable from our own spirit and because our investment was in human capital, time away from family and time away from friends.

But the campaign ended. And when the campaign ends, governing begins.

This treasured body is the soul of governance. Our Founding Fathers intended for the House of Representatives to reflect the will of the people.

I believe the will of the people is progress.

The American people showed extraordinary patience and faith in its governing institutions during this long and uncertain Presidential election. Let us reward them with progress.

Today we pledge to form a productive and collegial relationship with President-elect Bush.

Just two nights ago, both Presidentelect Bush and Vice President Gore urged us to put the campaign behind us and begin to develop the relationships that will lead to the progress the American people deserve.

I am grateful for their words, and I am encouraged by my colleagues' commitment to fostering this relationship.

Many challenges lie ahead, and I do not assume that all of our differences can be easily bridged, yet there is a remarkable agreement on the important issues that we must address.

Mr. Speaker, campaigns end and governing begins.

I wish all of my colleagues best wishes in this holiday season.

When we return in the new year, let us begin the work of addressing the needs of this great Nation.

Mr. Speaker, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from California?

There was no objection.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. RES. 677

Whereas the Presidential election in 2000 was the closest in the Nation's history;

Whereas both Governor George W. Bush and Vice President Albert Gore campaigned admirably for the Presidency;

Whereas the closeness of the election led to a long and trying process to determine the winner;

Whereas both Governor George W. Bush and Vice President Albert Gore have called for national unity;

Whereas, during this time of uncertainty, the American people have showed extraordinary patience and confidence in the Nation's system of government;

Whereas it is incumbent upon the Members of the House of Representatives, as elected officials, to demonstrate that the faith of the American people in the Nation's governing institutions is warranted; and

Whereas the many issues confronting the Nation must be addressed for the benefit of those who have entrusted the Government with their voice, the American people: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Members of the House of Representatives are committed to fostering

a productive and collegial partnership with the 43rd President in order to bring comity to the Government and progress to the United States.

The resolution was agreed to.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

APPOINTMENT OF HONORABLE FRANK R. WOLF TO ACT AS TEMPORE SPEAKER PROTO SIGN ENROLLED BILLS AND TUIOL RESOLUTIONS THROUGH THE REMAINDER OF THE SEC-OND SESSION OF THE 106TH CON-GRESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following communication from the Speaker:

Washington, DC, December 15, 2000.

I hereby appoint the Honorable Frank R. WOLF to act as Speaker pro tempore to sign enrolled bills and joint resolutions through the remainder of the second session of the One Hundred Sixth Congress.

J. Dennis Hastert,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Without objection, the appointment is approved.

There was no objection.

RE-REFERRAL OF H.R. 420 AND TOCOMMITTEE ONHR. 4694 BUDGET AND RE-REFERRAL OF 167 TO COMMITTEE ON H.R. BUDGET ANDCOMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS

Mr. CHAMBLISS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the bills, H.R. 420 and H.R. 4694 be re-referred to the Committee on the Budget and that the bill, H.R. 167 be re-referred to the Committee on the Budget, and in addition the Committee on Ways and Means.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Georgia?

There was no objection.

INTERNATIONAL MALARIA CONTROL ACT OF 2000

Mr. GILMAN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to take from the Speaker's table the Senate bill (S. 2943) to authorize additional assistance for international malaria control, and to provide for coordination and consultation in providing assistance under the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 with respect to malaria, HIV, and tuberculosis, with a Senate amendment to the House amendments thereto, and concur in the Senate amendment to the House amendments.

The Clerk read the title of the Senate bill.

The Clerk read the Senate amendment to the House amendments, as follows:

Senate Amendment to House Amendments:

In lieu of the matter proposed to be inserted by the House amendment to the text of the bill insert:

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Assistance for International Malaria Control Act".

SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

The table of contents for this Act is as follows: Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

TITLE I—ASSISTANCE FOR INTERNATIONAL MALARIA CONTROL

Sec. 101. Short title.

Sec. 102. Findings.

Sec. 103. Assistance for malaria prevention, treatment, control, and elimination.

TITLE II—POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES WITH RESPECT TO MACAU

Sec. 201. Short title.

Sec. 202. Findings and declarations; sense of Congress.

Sec. 203. Continued application of United States law.

Sec. 204. Reporting requirement.

Sec. 205. Definitions.

TITLE III—UNITED STATES-CANADA ALASKA RAIL COMMISSION

Sec. 301. Short title.

Sec. 302. Findings.
Sec. 303. Agreement for a United States-Canada bilateral commission.

Sec. 304. Composition of Commission.

Sec. 305. Governance and staffing of Commission.

Sec. 306. Duties.

Sec. 307. Commencement and termination of Commission.

Sec. 308. Funding.

Sec. 309. Definitions.

$TITLE\ IV-PACIFIC\ CHARTER\ COMMISSION\\ ACT\ OF\ 2000$

Sec. 401. Short title.

Sec. 402. Purposes.

Sec. 403. Establishment of commission.

Sec. 404. Duties of Commission.

Sec. 405. Membership of Commission. Sec. 406. Powers of Commission.

Sec. 407. Staff and support services of Commission.

Sec. 408. Termination.

Sec. 409. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 410. Effective date.

TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

Sec. 501. Assistance efforts in Sudan.

Sec. 502. Authority to provide towing assistance.

Sec. 503. Sense of Congress on the American University in Bulgaria.

$\begin{array}{c} \textit{TITLE VI--PAUL D. COVERDELL WORLD} \\ \textit{WISE SCHOOLS ACT OF 2000} \end{array}$

Sec. 601. Short title.

Sec. 602. Findings.

Sec. 603. Designation of Paul D. Coverdell World Wise Schools Program.

TITLE I—ASSISTANCE FOR INTERNATIONAL MALARIA CONTROL

SEC. 101. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "International Malaria Control Act of 2000".

SEC. 102. FINDINGS.

 $Congress\ makes\ the\ following\ findings:$

- (1) The World Health Organization estimates that there are 300,000,000 to 500,000,000 cases of malaria each year.
- (2) According to the World Health Organization, more than 1,000,000 persons are estimated to die due to malaria each year.
- (3) According to the National Institutes of Health, about 40 percent of the world's population is at risk of becoming infected.

- (4) About half of those who die each year from malaria are children under 9 years of age.
- malaria are children under 9 years of age. (5) Malaria kills one child each 30 seconds.
- (6) Although malaria is a public health problem in more than 90 countries, more than 90 percent of all malaria cases are in sub-Saharan Africa
- (7) In addition to Africa, large areas of Central and South America, Haiti and the Dominican Republic, the Indian subcontinent, Southeast Asia, and the Middle East are high risk malaria areas
- (8) These high risk areas represent many of the world's poorest nations.
- (9) Malaria is particularly dangerous during pregnancy. The disease causes severe anemia and is a major factor contributing to maternal deaths in malaria endemic regions.
- (10) "Airport malaria", the importing of malaria by international aircraft and other conveyances, is becoming more common, and the United Kingdom reported 2,364 cases of malaria in 1997, all of them imported by travelers.

(11) In the United States, of the 1,400 cases of malaria reported to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention in 1998, the vast majority were imported.

(12) Between 1970 and 1997, the malaria infection rate in the United States increased by about 40 percent.

(13) Malaria is caused by a single-cell parasite that is swead to humans by mosquitoes.

(14) No vaccine is available and treatment is hampered by development of drug-resistant parasites and insecticide-resistant mosquitoes.

SEC. 103. ASSISTANCE FOR MALARIA PREVEN-TION, TREATMENT, CONTROL, AND ELIMINATION.

(a) ASSISTANCE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator of the United States Agency for International Development, in coordination with the heads of other appropriate Federal agencies and nongovernmental organizations, shall provide assistance for the establishment and conduct of activities designed to prevent, treat, control, and eliminate malaria in countries with a high percentage of malaria cases.

(2) CONSIDERATION OF INTERACTION AMONG EPIDEMICS.—In providing assistance pursuant to paragraph (1), the Administrator should consider the interaction among the epidemics of HIV/AIDS, malaria, and tuberculosis.

(3) DISSEMINATION OF INFORMATION REQUIRE-MENT.—Activities referred to in paragraph (1) shall include the dissemination of information relating to the development of vaccines and therapeutic agents for the prevention of malaria (including information relating to participation in, and the results of, clinical trials for such vaccines and agents conducted by United States Government agencies) to appropriate officials in such countries.

(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—

- (1) In GENERAL.—There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out subsection (a) \$50,000,000 for each of the fiscal years 2001 and 2002.
- (2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts appropriated pursuant to the authorization of appropriations under paragraph (1) are authorized to remain available until expended.

TITLE II—POLICY OF THE UNITED STATES WITH RESPECT TO MACAU

SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.

This title may be cited as the "United States-Macau Policy Act of 2000".

SEC. 202. FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS; SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- (a) FINDINGS AND DECLARATIONS.—Congress makes the following findings and declarations:
- (1) The continued economic prosperity of Macau furthers United States interests in the People's Republic of China and Asia.